Timeline of Change worksheet

53,000 people come to watch Dick, Kerr FC vs St Helens Ladies (both female football teams) play in Liverpool.

Women over thirty with £5 of property (£275 in today’s money) are given the right to vote.

Kathryn Bigelow becomes the first (and only) woman to win an Oscar for Best Director.

All women over the age of 21 are given the right the vote.

The Football Association lifts a 50-year ban preventing clubs from letting women’s football teams play on FA pitches.

Women are first allowed to serve in a combat role in the UK army.

Using a private inheritance, Elizabeth Jesser Reid sets up Bedford College in London, the first women’s higher-education institution.

1865—Slavery is abolished in the USA.

1914—World War One begins.

1918—World War One ends.

1939—World War Two begins.

1945—World War Two ends.

1969—Humans land on the moon.

1990—Sir Tim Berners-Lee invents the World Wide Web, the modern internet.

2018

Diane Abbot becomes the first woman of colour elected to Parliament.

Magdalen College, the last all-male college at Cambridge, makes the decision to admit women. Angry male students wear black armbands and fly the college flag at half-mast.

The Organisation of Women of African and Asian Descent (OWAAD) is formed and after its first annual meeting many black women’s groups form nationwide.

Margaret Thatcher becomes the UK’s first female Prime Minister

A long-standing ban on men working as midwives is lifted.

Women sewing machinists at a Ford Motors factory in Dagenham strike for equal pay between men and women. Two years later, the Equal Pay Act is passed.

The Gender Recognition Act is passed, making it legal for transgender people to have their gender identities legally recognised.

Marjorie Scardino becomes the first female CEO (or “boss”) of a FTSE 100 company.